

74LV123

Dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator with reset

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LV123 is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with the 74HC123; 74HCT123. It is a dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator which uses three methods to control the output pulse width:

1. The basic pulse time is programmed by the selection of an external resistor (R_{EXT}) and capacitor (C_{EXT}). These are normally connected as shown in [Figure 9](#).
2. Once triggered, the basic output pulse width may be extended by retriggering the gated active LOW-going edge input ($n\bar{A}$) or the active HIGH-going edge input (nB). By repeating this process, the output pulse period ($nQ = \text{HIGH}$, $n\bar{Q} = \text{LOW}$) can be made as long as desired (see [Figure 12](#)).
3. Alternatively, an output delay can be terminated at any time by a LOW-going edge on input $n\bar{R}D$, which also inhibits the triggering (see [Figure 13](#)).

Schmitt-trigger action in the $n\bar{A}$ and nB inputs makes the circuit highly tolerant of slower input rise and fall times.

2. Features

- Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 5.5 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between $V_{CC} = 2.7$ V and $V_{CC} = 3.6$ V
- Typical output ground bounce: < 0.8 V at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C
- Typical HIGH-level output voltage (V_{OH}) undershoot: > 2 V at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C
- DC triggered from active HIGH or active LOW inputs
- Retriggerable for very long pulses up to 100 % duty factor
- Direct reset terminates output pulses
- Schmitt-trigger action on all inputs except for the reset input

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LV123N		−40 °C to +125 °C	DIP16	plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)	SOT38-4
74LV123D		−40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1
74LV123DB		−40 °C to +125 °C	SSOP16	plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm	SOT338-1
74LV123PW		−40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1
74LV123BQ		−40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 × 3.5 × 0.85 mm	SOT763-1

4. Functional diagram

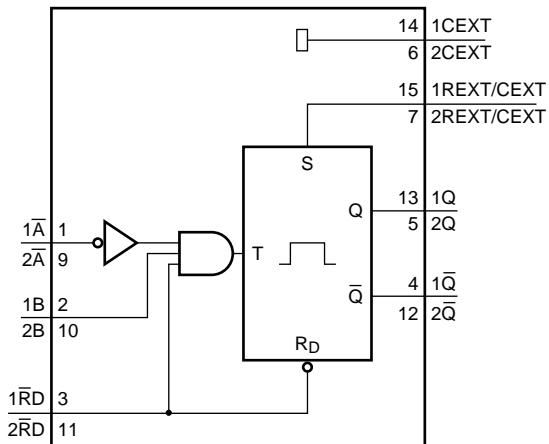


Fig 1. Logic symbol

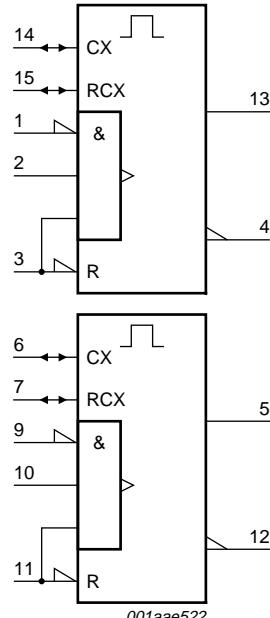


Fig 2. IEC logic symbol

7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+7	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < -0.5 V or V _I > V _{CC} + 0.5 V	[1] -	±20	mA
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < -0.5 V or V _O > V _{CC} + 0.5 V	[1] -	±50	mA
I _O	output current	except for pins nREXT/CEXT; V _O = -0.5 V to (V _{CC} + 0.5 V)	[1] -	±25	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	+50	mA
I _{GND}	ground current		-	-50	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C DIP16 package SO16 package SSOP16 package TSSOP16 package DHVQFN16 package	[2] - [3] - [4] - [4] - [5] -	750 500 500 500 500	mW mW mW mW mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For DIP16 package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 12 mW/K above 70 °C.

[3] For SO16 package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K above 70 °C.

[4] For SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages: P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

[5] For DHVQFN16 package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage		[1] 1.0	3.3	5.5	V
V _I	input voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	V
V _O	output voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature	in free air	-40	+25	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate [2]	V _{CC} = 1.0 V to 2.0 V	-	-	500	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V to 2.7 V	-	-	200	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	100	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V to 5.5 V	-	-	50	ns/V

[1] The 74LV123 is guaranteed to function down to V_{CC} = 1.0 V (input levels GND or V_{CC}); [Section 9 "Static characteristics"](#) are guaranteed from V_{CC} = 1.2 V to V_{CC} = 5.5 V.

[2] Except for Schmitt-trigger inputs nĀ and nB.

9. Static characteristics

Table 6. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Unit
T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C						
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	0.9	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.4	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V _{CC}	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	-	0.3	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.6	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3 × V _{CC}	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}				
		I _O = -100 μA; V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	1.2	-	V
		I _O = -100 μA; V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.8	2.0	-	V
		I _O = -100 μA; V _{CC} = 2.7 V	2.5	2.7	-	V
		I _O = -100 μA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.8	3.0	-	V
		I _O = -100 μA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	4.3	4.5	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.40	2.82	-	V
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.60	4.20	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}				
		I _O = 100 μA; V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	0	-	V
		I _O = 100 μA; V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	0	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 μA; V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	0	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 μA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	0	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 μA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	0	0.2	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	0.25	0.40	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	0.35	0.55	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 5.5 V	-	-	1.0	μA
I _{CC}	supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; I _O = 0 A; V _{CC} = 5.5 V	-	-	20.0	μA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	V _I = V _{CC} - 0.6 V; V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	500	μA
C _I	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C						
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	0.9	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.4	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V _{CC}	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	-	0.3	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.6	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3 × V _{CC}	V

Table 6. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}				
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	-	-	V
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.8	-	-	V
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 2.7 V	2.5	-	-	V
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.8	-	-	V
		I _O = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	4.3	-	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.2	-	-	V
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.5	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}				
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	-	-	V
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.5	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	0.65	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} = 5.5 V	-	-	1.0	µA
I _{CC}	supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; I _O = 0 A; V _{CC} = 5.5 V	-	-	160	µA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	V _I = V _{CC} - 0.6 V; V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	850	µA

[1] All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 7. Dynamic characteristicsGND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$; for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max		
Propagation delay; see Figure 7									
t_{pd}	propagation delay nRD, nA and nB to nQ		[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	-	120	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	40	76	-	-	92	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	30	56	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	25	48	-	-	57	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	18	40	-	-	46	ns
	nRD to nQ (reset)		[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	-	100	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	30	57	-	-	68	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	23	43	-	-	51	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	20	38	-	-	45	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	14	31	-	-	36	ns
Inputs nA, nB and nRD; see Figure 7									
t_W	pulse width	nA = LOW							
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	30	5	-	40	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	25	3.5	-	30	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	20	3.0	-	25	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	15	2.5	-	20	-	-	ns
	nB = HIGH								
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	30	13	-	40	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	25	8	-	30	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	20	7	-	25	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	15	5	-	20	-	-	ns
	nRD = LOW; see Figure 13								
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	35	6	-	45	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	30	5	-	40	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	25	4	-	30	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	20	3	-	25	-	-	ns
t_{rtrig}	retrigger time	nB to nA; see Figure 12							
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	70	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	55	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	45	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	40	-	-	-	-	ns

Table 7. Dynamic characteristics ...continuedGND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$; for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max		
Outputs: nQ = LOW and nQ = HIGH, see Figure 7									
t_W	pulse width	$C_{EXT} = 100 \text{ nF}; R_{EXT} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$							
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	470	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	460	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	450	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	430	-	-	-	-	ns
		$C_{EXT} = 0 \text{ pF}; R_{EXT} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$							
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	100	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	90	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	80	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	70	-	-	-	-	ns
External components									
R_{EXT}	external resistance	see Figure 11	[3]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	10	-	1000	-	-	-	kΩ
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	5	-	1000	-	-	-	kΩ
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	3	-	1000	-	-	-	kΩ
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2	-	1000	-	-	-	kΩ
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	2	-	1000	-	-	-	kΩ
C_{EXT}	external capacitance	see Figure 11	[3][4]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	pF
Dynamic power dissipation									
C_{PD}	power dissipation $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ capacitance		[5]	-	60	-	-	-	pF

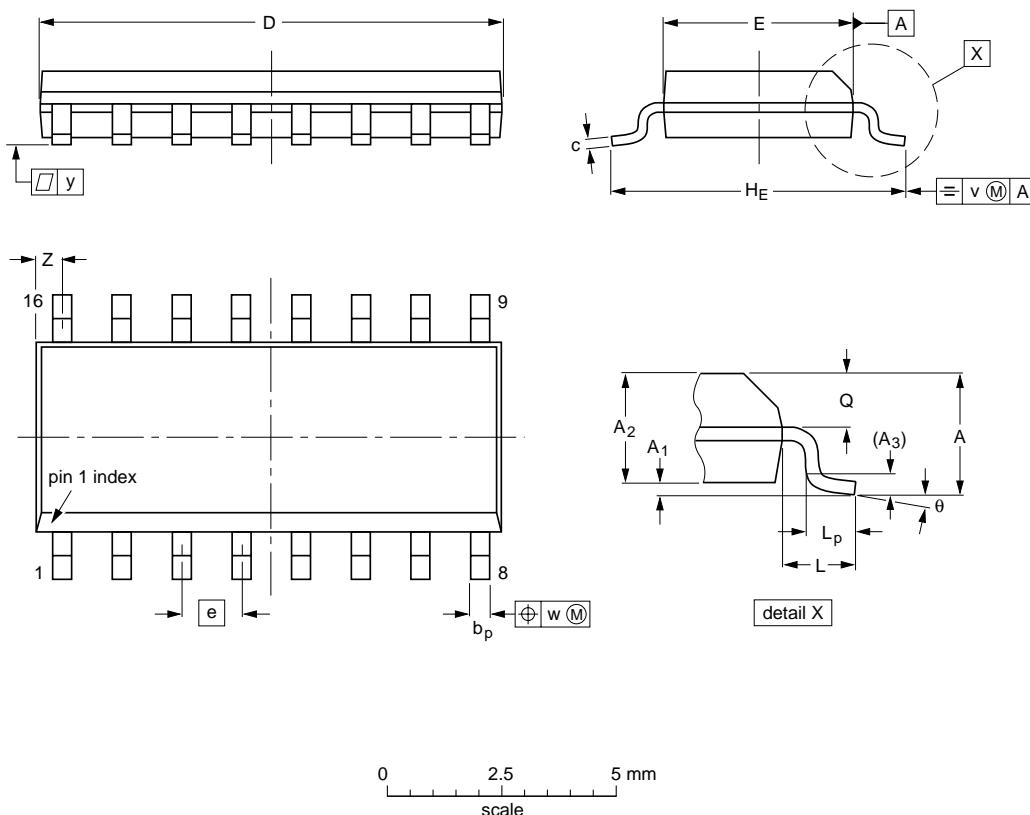
[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and nominal supply values ($V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ and 5.0 V).[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; $C_{EXT} = 0 \text{ pF}; R_{EXT} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.[3] For other R_{EXT} and C_{EXT} combinations see [Figure 11](#) and [Section 12.1.1 "Basic timing"](#).[4] C_{EXT} has no limits.[5] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW). $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where: f_i = input frequency in MHz; f_o = output frequency in MHz; C_L = output load capacitance in pF; V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1

**DIMENSIONS** (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	e	H _E	L	L _p	Q	v	w	y	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	10.0 9.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.0100 0.0075	0.39 0.38	0.16 0.15	0.05	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.020	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	0°

Note

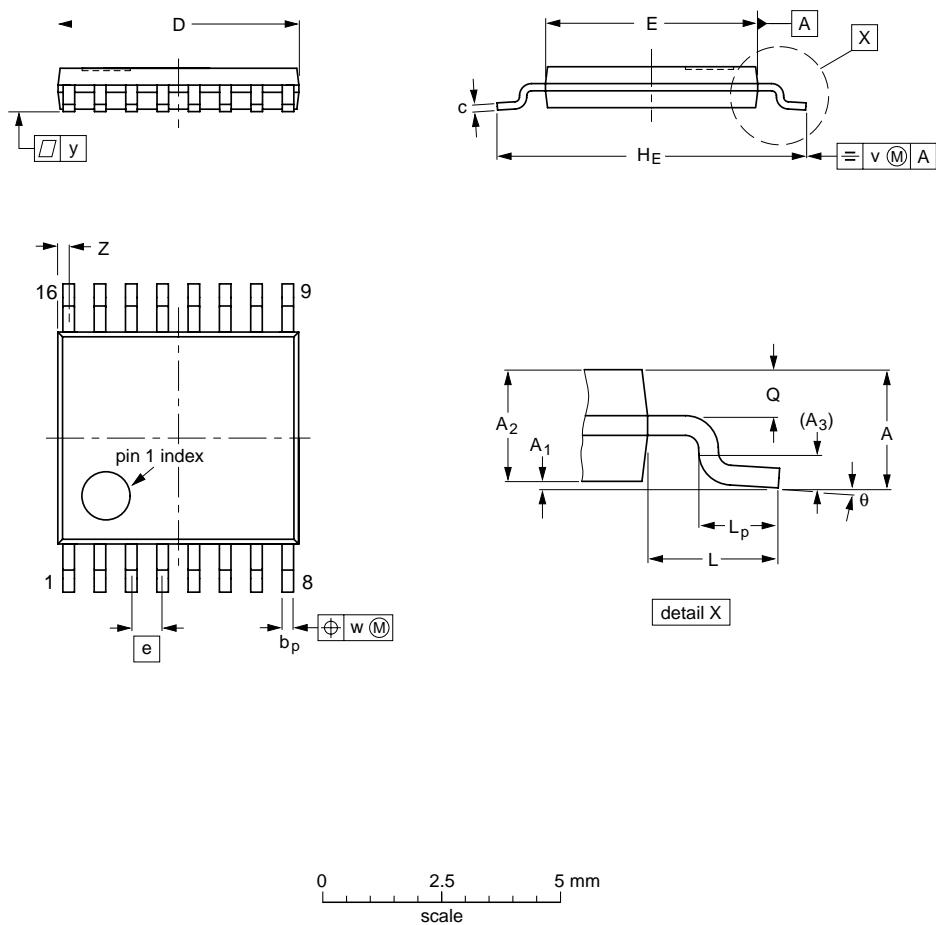
1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT109-1	076E07	MS-012				

Fig 16. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1

**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	e	H _E	L	L _p	Q	v	w	y	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.1 0.05	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		
SOT403-1		MO-153			

Fig 18. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)